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P≱ge 1
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=> dis his; fil medl, biosis, embase, caplus

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 13:18:05 ON 26 APR 2006)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:18:44 ON 26 APR 2006

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L2 2994 S ?DEOXYADENOSINE?/CNS

L3 0 S L1 AND L2

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION

35.62

FULL ESTIMATED COST

35.41

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 13:21:30 ON 26 APR 2006

FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 13:21:30 ON 26 APR 2006

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FILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 13:21:30 ON 26 APR 2006

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FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:21:30 ON 26 APR 2006

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=> s l1 and (l2 or deoxyadenosine?)

L4 0 FILE MEDLINE

L5 0 FILE BIOSIS

L6 0 FILE EMBASE

L7 1 FILE CAPLUS

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L8 1 L1 AND (L2 OR DEOXYADENOSINE?)

=> d ibib abs hitseq

L8 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:905931 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:389790

TITLE: Molecular detection of Japanese encephalitis virus and

other flaviviruses

INVENTOR(S): Young, Karen K. Y.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Roche Diagnostics G.m.b.H., Germany; F.Hoffmann-La

Roche A.-G.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 143 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO	. DATE
WO 2004092412 WO 2004092412	A2 200410 A3 200503		20040330
W: AE, AG, AL, CN, CO, CR,	AM, AT, AU, A CU, CZ, DE, I	AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BI DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG	G, ES, FI, GB, GD,

Page 2

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             NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY,
             TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ,
             BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE,
             ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI,
             SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN,
             TD. TG
    AU 2004230569
                                20041028
                                             AU 2004-230569
                          A1
                                                                    20040330
    CA 2520538
                          AA
                                20041028
                                             CA 2004-2520538
                                                                    20040330
                          A2
    EP 1611254
                                20060104
                                             EP 2004-724275
                                                                    20040330
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             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK
                                             US 2004-815480
     US 2004229261
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                                20041118
                                                                    20040331
                                             US 2003-459491P
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                                    20030331
                                                                 P
                                             US 2004-552454P
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                                                                    20040312
                                             US 2004-555530P
                                                                    20040322
                                                                 Р
                                             WO 2004-EP3356
                                                                    20040330
                                                                 Α
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AB The current invention provide methods for detection of Japanese encephalitis virus and other flaviviruses. The primers and probes are used for amplification or hybridization to the 3'-untranslated region of viral genomes. Oligonucleotide primers, probes and kits for diagnosis of flaviviruses, including Japanese encephalitis virus serogroup, Dengue virus, St. Louis encephalitis virus, Montana myotis leukoencephalitis virus, Modoc virus, and Yellow Fever virus are provided.

IT 2002-35-9D, N6-Methyl-deoxyadenosine, primer modified
with

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(mol. detection of Japanese encephalitis virus and other flaviviruses)
RN 2002-35-9 CAPLUS

CN Adenosine, 2'-deoxy-N-methyl- (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

1T 140975-69-5, GENBANK D00246 140977-34-0, GENBANK M12294 170817-58-0, GENBANK L48977 171214-39-4, GENBANK L49311 196570-23-7, GENBANK AF017254 251244-39-0, GENBANK AF208017 251892-99-6, GENBANK AF196835 287908-43-4, GENBANK AF260967 287908-44-5, GENBANK AF260968 311758-30-2, GENBANK AF297849 311758-35-7, GENBANK AF297854 311758-37-9, GENBANK AF297856 313330-37-9, GENBANK AF196537 313330-38-0, GENBANK AF196538 360543-79-9, GENBANK AF196535 360543-84-6, GENBANK AF196543 436731-13-4, GENBANK AF458344 436731-18-9, GENBANK AF458349 436731-22-5, GENBANK AF458353

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436731-24-7, GENBANK AF458355 436731-26-9, GENBANK
     AF458357 436731-27-0, GENBANK AF458358 442499-50-5,
     GENBANK AF404757 512617-90-2, GENBANK AY277252
     512617-92-4, GENBANK AY278442 524173-93-1, GENBANK
     AY187013 543478-64-4, GENBANK AY274504 612792-54-8,
     GENBANK AY268132 632616-56-9, GENBANK AY490240
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL
     (Biological study)
        (mol. detection of Japanese encephalitis virus and other flaviviruses)
RN
     140975-69-5 CAPLUS
     RNA (Kunjin virus strain MRM61C clone pKV479) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
     140977-34-0 CAPLUS
RN
     RNA (West Nile virus clone 33/G8) (9CI)
                                             (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN
     170817-58-0 CAPLUS
     RNA (West Nile virus gene NS5 plus 3'-flank) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN
     171214-39-4 CAPLUS
     GenBank L49311 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN
     196570-23-7 CAPLUS
CN
     RNA (West Nile virus strain Eq101 protein NS5 (nonstructural, 5) gene
     fragment plus 3'-flank) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN
     251244-39-0 CAPLUS
     GenBank AF208017 (9CI)
CN
                             (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN
     251892-99-6 CAPLUS
CN
     RNA (West Nile virus strain NY99-flamingo382-99 complete genome) (9CI)
     (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN
     287908-43-4 CAPLUS
CN
     RNA (West Nile virus strain NY99-eqhs polyprotein precursor) (9CI)
     INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN
     287908-44-5 CAPLUS
     GenBank AF260968 (9CI)
CN
                             (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN
     311758-30-2 CAPLUS
CN
     DNA (Kunjin virus strain K5374 protein NS5 (nonstructural, 5) gene
     3'-fragment plus 3'-flank) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN
     311758-35-7 CAPLUS
CN
     DNA (Kunjin virus strain WK436 protein NS5 (nonstructural, 5) gene
     3'-fragment plus 3'-flank) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN
     311758-37-9 CAPLUS
CN
     DNA (Kunjin virus strain P1553 protein NS5 (nonstructural, 5) gene
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- 3'-fragment plus 3'-flank) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
- \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*
- RN 313330-37-9 CAPLUS
- CN DNA (West Nile virus strain G2266 protein NS5 (nonstructural, 5) gene 3'-fragment plus 3'-flank) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
- \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*
- RN 313330-38-0 CAPLUS
- CN DNA (West Nile virus strain G22886 protein NS5 (nonstructural, 5) gene 3'-fragment plus 3'-flank) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
- \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*
- RN 360543-79-9 CAPLUS
- CN DNA (West Nile virus strain ArNa1047 polyprotein gene 3'-fragment plus 3'-flank) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
- \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*
- RN 360543-84-6 CAPLUS
- CN DNA (West Nile virus strain MgAn798 protein NS5 (nonstructural, 5) gene 3'-fragment plus 3'-flank) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
- \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*
- RN 436731-13-4 CAPLUS
- CN RNA (West Nile virus strain 68856 nonstructural protein 5 gene fragment plus 3'-flank) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
- \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*
- RN 436731-18-9 CAPLUS
- CN RNA (West Nile virus strain ArB3575/82 nonstructural protein 5 gene fragment plus 3'-flank) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
- \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*
- RN 436731-22-5 CAPLUS
- CN RNA (West Nile virus strain G-15578 nonstructural protein 5 gene fragment plus 3'-flank) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
- \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*
- RN 436731-24-7 CAPLUS
- CN RNA (West Nile virus strain Egypt101 nonstructural protein 5 gene fragment plus 3'-flank) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
- \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*
- RN 436731-26-9 CAPLUS
- CN RNA (West Nile virus strain SPU-116/89 nonstructural protein 5 gene fragment plus 3'-flank) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
- \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*
- RN 436731-27-0 CAPLUS
- CN RNA (West Nile virus strain AnMg798 nonstructural protein 5 gene fragment plus 3'-flank) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
- \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*
- RN 442499-50-5 CAPLUS
- CN RNA (West Nile virus isolate WN Italy 1998-equine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
- \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*
- RN 512617-90-2 CAPLUS
- CN GenBank AY277252 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Page 5 \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\* 512617-92-4 CAPLUS RN GenBank AY278442 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\* 524173-93-1 CAPLUS RN GenBank AY187013 (9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME) \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\* 543478-64-4 CAPLUS RN RNA (Kunjin virus clone FLSDX) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\* RN612792-54-8 CAPLUS RNA (West Nile virus strain PaAn001 polyprotein gene pol plus flanks) CN (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\* 632616-56-9 CAPLUS RN GenBank AY490240 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\* 784377-68-0 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (oligonucleotide probe; mol. detection of Japanese encephalitis virus and other flaviviruses) RN 784377-68-0 CAPLUS DNA, d(G-T-A-A-G-C-C-T-C-A-G-A-A-C-C-G-T-C-T-C-G-G-A-A) (9CI) (CA INDEX CNNAME) \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\* 958-09-8D, N6-Alkyl-deoxyadenosine, N6-alkyl derivs.

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES

(primers containing; mol. detection of Japanese encephalitis virus and other flaviviruses)

RN958-09-8 CAPLUS

Adenosine, 2'-deoxy- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

Absolute stereochemistry.

#### IT 784378-18-3

RL: PRP (Properties)

(unclaimed nucleotide sequence; mol. detection of Japanese encephalitis

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1 caacccagg aggactgggt gaacaaagcc gtgaagtgat ccatgtaagc 51 cctcagaacc gtctcggaag gaggaccca catgttgtaa cttcaaag

SEQ 1 caaccccagg aggactgggt gaccaaagct gcgaggtgat ccacgtaagc

Prepared by: Mary Hale @2-2507 Rem Bldg 1D86

SEO

51 cctcagaacc gtctcggaag caggacccca cgtgctttag cctcaaag

RN 784378-34-3 CAPLUS

CN 91: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 1/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

SEQ 1 caaccccagg aggactgggt qaacaaagct gcqqaqcqat ccatgtaagc

51 cctcagaacc gtctcggaag taggacccca catgttgtag ctccaaag

RN 784378-35-4 CAPLUS

CN 92: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 1/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

SEQ 1 caaccccagg aggactgggt gaacaaagct gcggagcgat ccatgtaagc

51 cctcagaacc gtctcggaag taggacccca catgttgtag ttccaaag

RN 784378-36-5 CAPLUS

CN 96: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 1/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

SEQ 1 caaccccagg aggactgggt taccaaagcc gcgaggtgat ccacgtaagc

51 cctcagaacc gtctcggaaa gaggacccca cgtgttttag cctcaagg

RN 784378-40-1 CAPLUS

CN 111: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 2/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

SEQ 1 caaccccagg aggactgggt gaccaaagcc gcgaggtgat ccacgtaagc

51 cctcagaacc gtctcggaag gaggacccca cgtgctttag cctcaagg

RN 784378-41-2 CAPLUS

CN 113: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 2/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

SEQ 1 caaccccagg aggactgggt gaccaaagcc gcgaggtgat ccacgtaagc

51 cctcagaacc gtctcggaag gaggacccca cgtgctttag cctcaaag

RN 784378-42-3 CAPLUS

CN 115: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 2/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

SEQ 1 caaccccagg aggactgggt gaccaaacct gcgaggtgat ccacgtaagc

51 cctcagaacc gtctcggaag gaggacccca cgtgctttag cctcaaag

RN 784378-44-5 CAPLUS

CN 120: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 2/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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RN
     131: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 2/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
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RN
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RN
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SEQ
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RN
     150: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 3/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI)
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CN
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SEQ
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     786374-47-8 CAPLUS
RN
     152: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 3/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
         1 caaccccagg gggactgggt gatcaaagct gcgaagtgat ccatgtaagc
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RN
     159: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 3/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI)
                                                                 (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
SEQ
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SEQ
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     786374-63-8 CAPLUS
RN
     194: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 4/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
SEQ
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     786374-65-0 CAPLUS
RN
     210: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 4/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
         1 cagttccagg aggactgggt taacaaattt gacaacggaa ggtggtaagc
SEQ
        51 cctcagaacc gtctcggaag ctcctccctt ctcaccggaa gttgaaag
     786375-07-3 CAPLUS
RN
     311: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 9/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
SEQ
         1 caqqqqqaaa ggactagagg ttagaggaga ccccgcggtt taaagtgcac
        51 ggcccagcct gactgaagct gtaggtcagg aagcactaga ggttagtgga
       101 gagcgcgtgc cacaaaaca
     786375-08-4 CAPLUS
RN
     312: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 9/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
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RN
     786375-09-5 CAPLUS
     314: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 9/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
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SEQ
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       101 gagcgcgtgc cacaaaaca
RN
     786375-11-9 CAPLUS
     320: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 9/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
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SEQ 1 cagggggaaa ggactagagg ttagaggaga ccccgcggtt tgaagagcac

51 ggcccagcct ggctgaagct gtaggtcagg aagcactaga ggttagtgga

101 gagcgcgtgc cacaaaca

RN 786375-12-0 CAPLUS

CN 328: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 9/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

SEQ 1 cagggggaaa ggactagagg ttagaggaga ccccgcggtt tgaagtgcac

51 ggcccagcct ggctgaagct gtaggtcagg aagcactaga ggttagtgga

101 gagcgcgtgc cacgaaaca

RN 786375-14-2 CAPLUS

CN 330: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 9/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

SEQ 1 cagggggaaa ggactagagg ttagaggaga ccccgcggtt tgaagtgcac

51 ggccca

RN 786375-15-3 CAPLUS

CN 335: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 9/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

SEQ 1 cagggggaaa ggactagagg ttagaggaga ccccgcggtt taaagtgcac

51 ggcccagcct gactgaagct gtaggtcagg aagcactaga ggttagtgga

101 gagcgcgtgc

CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE

=> => fil medl, biosis, embase, caplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL
ENTRY SESSION
1.38 245.37

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

SINCE FILE TOTAL
ENTRY SESSION

0.00

-0.75

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```
=> s japanese encephalitis virus or virus(a)animal(l)japanese encephalitis or
         4595 FILE MEDLINE
L9
        43488 FILE BIOSIS
L10
         5652 FILE EMBASE
L11
L12
         2740 FILE CAPLUS
TOTAL FOR ALL FILES
L13
        56475 JAPANESE ENCEPHALITIS VIRUS OR VIRUS(A) ANIMAL(L) JAPANESE ENCEP
              HALITIS OR FLAVIVIR?
=> s l1 and l13
L14
           O FILE MEDLINE
L15
            4 FILE BIOSIS
L16
            O FILE EMBASE
L17
           24 FILE CAPLUS
TOTAL FOR ALL FILES
L18
           28 L1 AND L13
=> dup rem 118
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L18
L19
            26 DUP REM L18 (2 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
=> s 118 and (fluorescen? moiety or carboxyfluorescein)
            O FILE MEDLINE
L20
            0 FILE BIOSIS
L21
L22
            O FILE EMBASE
L23
            0 FILE CAPLUS
TOTAL FOR ALL FILES
            O L18 AND (FLUORESCEN? MOIETY OR CARBOXYFLUORESCEIN)
=> d l19 1-26 ibib abs
L19 ANSWER 1 OF 26 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                        2006:273086 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        144:291281
TITLE:
                        Naturally occurring attenuated variants of West Nile
                        virus with defined mutations for vaccine use
INVENTOR (S):
                        Barrett, Alan D. T.; Tesh, Robert B.; Davis, C. Todd;
                        Beasley, David W. C.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                        Research Development Foundation, USA
SOURCE:
                        U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 85 pp.
                        CODEN: USXXCO
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
LANGUAGE:
                        English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
                                         APPLICATION NO.
     PATENT NO.
                        KIND
                               DATE
                                                                 DATE
     -----
                        ----
                               -----
                                           ______
    US 2006062806 -- A1
                               20060323
                                           US 2005-223729
                                                                  20050909
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                           US 2004-608344P
                                                              P 20040909
    Attenuated flaviviruses, such as West Nile viruses, that remain
     antigenic and can be used in vaccines are described. Mutations in the
     coding and non-coding regions of genes for structural and non-structural
     proteins that lead to attenuation, but retain antigenicity are identified.
```

These variants were identified in natural populations of the virus in

North America sampled in 2003. Virulence was tested in cell culture and in mice. Sequence comparison between attenuated isolates and a highly virulent strain of the virus was used to identify candidate mutations. Site-directed mutagenesis was used to combine candidate mutations, leading to multiple mutant viruses with greatly IDs and lowered neuroinvasiveness.

L19 ANSWER 2 OF 26 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:300473 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:367641

TITLE: Oligonucleotide analog and method for treating

flavivirus infections

INVENTOR(S): Iversen, Patrick L.; Stein, David A.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Avi Biopharma, Inc., USA SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 62 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA'	TENT 1	NO .			KIN	D 1	DATE		i	APPL:	ICAT:	ION 1	NO.		D	ATE	
	2005				A2 A3		2005		Ţ	WO 2	004-1	US25:	335		2	0040	305
	W: RW:	CN, GE, LK, NO, TJ, BW, AZ, EE, SI,	CO, GH, LR, NZ, TM, GH, BY, ES,	CR, GM, LS, OM, TN, GM, KG, FI,	CU, HR, LT, PG, TR, KE, KZ,	CZ, HU, LU, PH, TT, LS, MD, GB,	AU, DE, ID, LV, PL, TZ, MW, RU, GR, CF,	DK, IL, MA, PT, UA, MZ, TJ,	DM, IN, MD, RO, UG, NA, TM, IE,	DZ, IS, MG, RU, US, SD, AT, IT,	EC, JP, MK, SC, UZ, SL, BE, LU,	EE, KE, MN, SD, VC, SZ, BG, MC,	EG, KG, MW, SE, VN, TZ, CH, NL,	ES, KP, MX, SG, YU, UG, CY, PL,	FI, KR, MZ, SK, ZA, ZM, CZ, PT,	GB, KZ, NA, SL, ZM, ZW, DE, RO,	GD, LC, NI, SY, ZW AM, DK, SE,
	20042 20050 Y APPI	27622 09629	26 91		A1 A1		2005( 2005(		1	JS 20 JS 20	004 - 003 -	2762: 9139: 4930: 5120:	96 43P		2 2	00408 00408 00308	305 305
						_						US25:		_	_	0040	

A method of inhibiting replication of a flavivirus in animal AB cells, and an oligonucleotide compound for use in the method are disclosed. The oligonucleotide analog (i) has a nuclease-resistant backbone, (ii) is capable of uptake by the cells, (iii) contains between 8-40 nucleotide bases, and (iv) has a sequence of at least 8 bases complementary to a region of the virus' pos. strand RNA genome that includes at least a portion of SEQ ID NOS: 1-4. Exposure of cells infected with a flavivirus to the analog is effective to form within the cells, a heteroduplex structure composed of the virus ssRNA and the oligonucleotide, characterized by a Tm of dissociation of at least 45°., and having disrupted base pairing between the virus' 5' and 3' cyclization sequences. Phosphorodiamidate-linked morpholino (PMO) antisense oligonucleotide 5'-CAGGTGTCAATATGCTGTTTTG-3', conjugated at the 5' end with an arginine-rich peptide to enhance cellular uptake in vitro, inhibited West Nile virus titer in cultured Vero cells.

L19 ANSWER 3 OF 26 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1311414 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:21842

TITLE: Infectious DNA as a vaccine against West Nile and

Page 13

other flaviviruses

INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Yamshchikov, Vladimir F. University of Kansas, USA

SOURCE:

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 16 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2005276816	A1	20051215	US 2005-65783	20050225
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	77.	20031213	US 2004-547503P P	
	Nile vi	rus that pro	otects a subject agains	
			ly acceptable carrier a	
			infectious agent select	
			d infectious (+) RNA vi	
			lous DNA encoding an in	
RNA mol. encoding t	he West	: Nile virus,	and the West Nile (+)	RNA virus
designated as WN956	D117B3	(GenBank #M]	L2294). The vaccine wa	s shown to

L19 ANSWER 4 OF 26 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:238534 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:309857

TITLE:

A West Nile virus (WNV) reverse genetics dual-reporter

system for high throughput cell-based screening and

APPLICATION NO.

DATE

identifying antivirals and vaccines against

flaviviral infections

induce virus-specific IgG responses and protection in mice.

INVENTOR(S): Shi, Pei-Yong; Lo, Michael; Tilgner, Mark

DATE

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 81 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

Patent English

KIND

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.

-----------------\_\_\_\_\_ -----US 2005058987 US 2003-706892 A1 20050317 20031113 P 20021118 US 2002-427117P PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: The invention relates to compns. and methods for the identifying novel chemotherapeutics and vaccines effective against flaviviral infections, such as, West Nile virus (WNV) and other emerging flaviviruses, such as, Japanese encephalitis virus (JEV), St. Louis encephalitis virus (SLEV), Alkhurma virus (AV), Kadam virus (KV), Jugra virus (JV), Cacipacore virus (CV), Yaounde virus (YV), Tick-borne encephalitis virus (TBEV), Dengue viruses (DENV-1, DENV-2, DENV-3, DENV-4), Yellow fever virus (YFV) and Murray Valley encephalitis virus (MVEV). The instant invention provides stable and novel lineage I WNV reverse genetics systems, and methods for making the reverse genetics systems , specifically, a fully-infectious WNV cDNA or replicon system engineered with one or more nucleotide sequences each encoding a reporter gene to be used in high throughput cell-based screening assays for the identification of antiflaviviral chemotherapeutics and/or vaccines effective to treat and/or immunize

against infections by WNV and other flaviviruses. The present invention further provides methods of high throughput screening of antiflaviviral compds. or improved derivs. thereof using novel lineage I WNV reverse genetics systems and/or cell lines stably containing the reverse genetics systems. Also, the invention provides novel pharmaceutical compns. comprising an attenuated lineage I WNV that is less virulent but similarly immunogenic as the parent WNV and is capable of providing a protective immune response in a host.

L19 ANSWER 5 OF 26 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1224368 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:476389

TITLE: Lentivirus vectors expressing genes for antigens of

Flaviviridae for use in vaccines

INVENTOR(S): Despres, Philippe; Charneau, Pierre; Tangy, Frederic;

Frenkiel, Marie Pascale

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Institut Pasteur, Fr.; Centre National de la Recherche

Scientifique CNRS

SOURCE: Fr. Demande, 61 pp.

CODEN: FRXXBL

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
FR 2870126	A1 20051	18 FR 2004-5366	20040517
WO 2005111221	A1 20051	24 WO 2005-IB1753	20050516
W: AE, AG, AL,	AM, AT, AU,	Z, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, I	BY, BZ, CA, CH,
CN, CO, CR,	CU, CZ, DE,	K, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, 1	ES, FI, GB, GD,
GE, GH, GM,	HR, HU, ID,	L, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, I	KM, KP, KR, KZ,
LC, LK, LR,	LS, LT, LU,	V, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, I	MW, MX, MZ, NA,
NG, NI, NO,	NZ, OM, PG,	H, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, S	SD, SE, SG, SK,
SL, SM, SY,	TJ, TM, TN,	R, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, U	UZ, VC, VN, YU,
ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW: BW, GH, GM,	KE, LS, MW,	Z, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, I	UG, ZM, ZW, AM,
AZ, BY, KG,	KZ, MD, RU,	J, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, G	CY, CZ, DE, DK,
EE, ES, FI,	FR, GB, GR,	U, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, 1	MC, NL, PL, PT,
RO, SE, SI,	SK, TR, BF,	J, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, G	GN, GQ, GW, ML,
MR, NE, SN,	TD, TG		

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: FR 2004-5366 A 20040517

AB Lentiviral vectors expressing genes for antigenic proteins or epitopes of Flaviviridae are described for use in vaccines. The prior art lentiviral vector pTRIPAU3.CMV-EGFP was used to express the E gene for the major envelope protein of West Nile virus. Mice inoculated with the vector developed anti-envelope protein antibodies with titers of 1/10000 at 14 days after vaccination and 1/20000 at 23 days. The antibodies were neutralizing in tests with viral of VERO cells.

Vaccinated mice were resistant to a challenge with 100 LD50s of West Nile virus. Control animal within 9 days of challenge.

REFERENCE COUNT: 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 6 OF 26 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:113899 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:426593

TITLE: Inhibition of West Nile virus entry by using a

recombinant domain III from the envelope glycoprotein

AUTHOR(S): Chu, J. J. H.; Rajamanonmani, R.; Li, J.; Bhuvanakantham, R.; Lescar, J.; Nq, M.-L.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Flavivirology Laboratory, Department of Microbiology,

National University of Singapore, Singapore, 117597,

Singapore

SOURCE: Journal of General Virology (2005), 86(2), 405-412

CODEN: JGVIAY; ISSN: 0022-1317

PUBLISHER: Society for General Microbiology

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

The envelope glycoprotein located at the outermost surface of the flavivirus particle mediates entry of virus into host cells. In this study, the involvement of domain III of West Nile virus (WNV-DIII) envelope protein in binding to host cell surface was investigated. WNV-DIII was first expressed as a recombinant protein and purified after a solubilization and refolding procedure. The refolded WNV-DIII protein displays a content of β-sheets consistent with known homologous structures of other flavivirus envelope DIII, shown by using CD anal. Purified recombinant WNV-DIII protein was able to inhibit WNV entry into Vero cells and C6/36 mosquito cells. Recombinant WNV-DIII only partially blocked the entry of dengue-2 (Den 2) virus into Vero cells. However, entry of Den 2 virus into C6/36 was blocked effectively by recombinant WNV-DIII. Murine polyclonal serum produced against recombinant WNV-DIII protein inhibited infection with WNV and to a much lesser extent with Den 2 virus, as demonstrated by plaque neutralization assays. Together these results provided strong evidence that Iq-like DIII of WNV envelope protein is responsible for binding to receptor on the surface of host cells. The data also suggest that similar attachment mol.(s) or receptor(s) were used by WNV and Den 2 virus for entry into C6/36 mosquito cells.

REFERENCE COUNT: 36 THERE ARE 36 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 7 OF 26 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:905931 CAPLUS

141:389790 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

TITLE: Molecular detection of Japanese

encephalitis virus and other

flaviviruses

INVENTOR (S): Young, Karen K. Y.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Roche Diagnostics G.m.b.H., Germany; F.Hoffmann-La

Roche A.-G.

PCT Int. Appl., 143 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT	NO.			KIN	D :	DATE APPLICATION NO.							DATE			
WO 2004 WO 2004				A2 A3		2004: 2005		1	WO 2	004-	EP33	56		2	0040	330
W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,
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	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,
	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,	NI,
	NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,.
	ТJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW
RW:	BW,	GH,	GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,
	BY,	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM,	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,
	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	IE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,
	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,

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TD, TG
    AU 2004230569
                         A1
                               20041028 AU 2004-230569
                                                                 20040330
                               20041028 CA 2004-2520538
    CA 2520538
                         AΑ
                               20060104 EP 2004-724275
    EP 1611254
                         A2
                                                                 20040330
            AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
            IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK
    US 2004229261
                        A1
                               20041118
                                          US 2004-815480
                                                                 20040331
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                           US 2003-459491P
                                                              P 20030331
                                           US 2004-552454P
                                                              P 20040312
                                           US 2004-555530P
                                                              P 20040322
                                           WO 2004-EP3356
                                                              A 20040330
AB
    The current invention provide methods for detection of Japanese
    encephalitis virus and other flaviviruses.
    The primers and probes are used for amplification or hybridization to the
    3'-untranslated region of viral genomes. Oligonucleotide primers, probes
    and kits for diagnosis of flaviviruses, including
    Japanese encephalitis virus serogroup, Dengue
    virus, St. Louis encephalitis virus, Montana myotis leukoencephalitis
    virus, Modoc virus, and Yellow Fever virus are provided.
L19 ANSWER 8 OF 26 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                        2004:412827 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        140:400034
                        DC-SIGN blockers and their use for preventing or
TITLE:
                        treating diseases, including viral infections
INVENTOR(S):
                        Amara, Ali; Arenzana-Seisdedos, Fernando; Despres,
                        Philippe; Virelizier, Jean-Louis
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                        Institut Pasteur, Fr.; Institut National De La Sante
                        Et De La Recherche Medicale
                        PCT Int. Appl., 71 pp.
SOURCE:
                        CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
                        English
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
    PATENT NO.
                        KIND
                               DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO.
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                               20040521 WO 2003-IB5569
    WO 2004041299
                        A1
                                                               20031105
            AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
            CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE,
            GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK,
            LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ,
            OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM,
            TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
        RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ,
            BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE,
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            TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
    AU 2003301804
                         A1
                               20040607 AU 2003-301804
                                                                20031105
                               20041007
    US 2004197330
                         A1
                                        US 2003-700491
                                                                 20031105
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US 2002-425246P P 20021112 WO 2003-IB5569 W 20031105 AB The invention provides methods and compns. for preventing or treating

20050817

20050920

20060222

EP 2003-810566

BR 2003-15975

CN 2003-80102859

US 2002-423582P

AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK

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20031105

20031105

P 20021105

A1

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EP 1562628

CN 1738637

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

BR 2003015975

diseases of a mammal, including viral infections, wherein at least one symptom of the disease is mediated at least in part by the binding of an effector mol. to a DC-SIGN receptor present on cells of the mammal to be treated. The invention also provides methods of identifying compns., wherein the compns. are useful for treating mammalian diseases, including viral infections, for which at least one symptom of the disease is mediated at least in part by the specific binding of an effector mol. to a DC-SIGN receptor present on the cells that express the DC-SIGN receptor, belonging to the mammal to be treated. The invention further provides compns. and methods for targeting subject mols. to cells that express the DC-SIGN receptor.

REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 9 OF 26 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:392667 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:402866

TITLE: Immunoassays for diagnosis of flavivirus

infection and identification of West Nile virus and

Dengue virus

INVENTOR(S): Wong, Susan J.; Pei-yong, Shi PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Health Research, Inc., USA SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 212 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

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PATENT NO.
                                   KIND
                                              DATE
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                                                            WO 2003-US34823 20031031
                                              20040513
       WO 2004040263
                                    A2
            W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
                  CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
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            NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                              20050920
                                                             BR 2003-15935
       BR 2003015935
                                     Α
                                                                                                  20031031
                                              20051207
                                                               EP 2003-809974
       EP 1601947
                                     A2
                                                                                                  20031031
                  AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
                   IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                                US 2002-422755P
                                                                                             P 20021031
                                                                US 2003-476513P
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                                                                                                 20030606
                                                                WO 2003-US34823
                                                                                             A 20031031
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The present invention provides a rapid and sensitive method for the detection of a West Nile virus (WNV), Japanese encephalitis virus (JEV), St. Louis encephalitis virus (SLEV) and Dengue virus (DENV) and antibodies directed against thereof involving contacting a biol. specimen suspected of being infected with WNV, JE, SLE or DEN with a substantially purified and isolated WNV E glycoprotein or subfragment thereof having a native conformation wherein the E glycoprotein or subfragment thereof has a reactivity with antibodies against JEV, SLEV and DENV. The invention further provides a rapid, sensitive, and consistent method for the specific detection of WNV by employing diagnostic assays having the antigen NS5 which is specifically

reactive with anti-WNV antibodies but not cross-reactive with antibodies but not cross-reactive with antibodies against other flaviviruses such as JEV, SLEV, or DENV. The invention also provides a rapid, sensitive, and consistent method for the specific detection of DENV by employing diagnostic assays having the antigen NS5 which is specifically reactive with anti-DENV antibodies but do not cross-react with antibodies against other flaviviruses such as JEV, SLEV, or WNV. Further, the DENV NS5 antigens are serospecific and do not cross react with antibodies to other DENV strains. Thus, the method of the present invention provides a manner by which to discriminate infections by each DENV strain. Further, diagnostic kits for carrying out the methods are provided. The methods and kits for carrying out the methods of the invention are rapid and require as little as 10 min to detect a result.

L19 ANSWER 10 OF 26 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:355197 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:369890

TITLE: Methods and primer and probe kits for detecting

flavivirus, particularly West Nile virus,

nucleic acids in biological samples

INVENTOR(S): Linnen, Jeffrey M.; Pollner, Reinhold B.; Wu, Wen;

Dennis, Geoffrey G.; Darby, Paul M.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Gen-Probe Incorporated, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 135 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA'	TENT	NO.			KINI		DATE		;	APPL	ICAT:	ION I	NO.		D.	ATE	
WO	2004	0361					2004	0429	1	WO 2	003-1	JS336	639		2	0031	016
WO	2004	0361	90		C2		2005	0519									
WO	2004	0361	90		A3		2005	0811									
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
							DK,										
							IL,										
							MA,				•			-	-		•
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EP	1583						2005									0031	
							ES,				_	-					
			•		-		RO,	•		•	•	•	•	•		•	,
CA	2501				AA		2004										016
	2004						2004										-
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AB Compns., methods and kits for detecting **flavivirus** nucleic acids. Particularly described are oligonucleotides that are useful as hybridization probes and amplification primers for detecting very low levels of West Nile virus (WNV) nucleic acids. To design oligonucleotide sequences appropriate for such uses, known WNV nucleic acid sequences were

first compared to identify candidate regions of the viral genome that could serve as reagents in a diagnostic assay. Any primer sequences specific for WNV or other **flavivirus** target, with or without a T7 RNA polymerase promoter sequence, may be used as primers in the various primer-based in vitro amplification methods. The capture oligonucleotides disclosed herein could serve as hybridization probes, the hybridization probes disclosed herein could be used as amplification primers, and the amplification primers disclosed herein could be used as hybridization probes in alternative detection assays.

L19 ANSWER 11 OF 26 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:162665 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:213559

TITLE: Immunological detection of flavivirus and

screening antibodies against envelope protein domain

III polypeptides using diagnostic kits

INVENTOR(S): Barrett, Alan; Beasley, David; Holbrook, Michael

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Board of Regents the University of Texas System, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 110 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	ENT I	NO.			KINI	) ]	DATE		i	APPL	ICAT:	ION 1	. O <i>V</i>		DA	ATE	
						-											
WO	2004	0165	86		A2	:	2004	0226	1	WO 2	003-1	JS25	581		20	00308	818
WO	2004	0165	86		<b>A</b> 3	:	2004	1118									
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
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		LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	ΜZ,	NΙ,	NO,	ΝZ,	OM,
		PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,	ΤJ,	TM,	TN,
		TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	ΥU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW			
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		KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	TM,	ΑT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,
		FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,
		BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	ΝE,	SN,	TD,	TG
PRIORITY	APP	LN.	INFO	. :					1	US 2	002-	4038	93P	]	P 20	0020	816
									1	US 2	003-	4455	81P	. 1	P 20	0030	206

The present invention concerns methods and compns. involving flavivirus envelope protein domain III antigens for the detection of virus and detection of antibodies against the virus. Such methods and compns. may be used to detect tick borne encephalitis (TBE) serocomplex virus or West Nile virus infection in a subject, patient, animal or biol. fluid. The present invention also concerns kits for implementing such methods. In some embodiments, kits contain a recombinant TBE serocomplex virus or West Nile virus envelope protein domain III antigen.

L19 ANSWER 12 OF 26 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:526761 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:174729

TITLE: Molecular and functional analyses of Kunjin virus

infectious cDNA clones demonstrate the essential roles for NS2A in virus assembly and for a nonconservative

residue in NS3 in RNA replication

AUTHOR(S): Liu, Wen Jun; Chen, Hua Bo; Khromykh, Alexander A.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Sir Albert Sakzewski Virus Research Centre, Royal Children's Hospital, University of Queensland,

Brisbane, 4029, Australia

Journal of Virology (2003), 77(14), 7804-7813 SOURCE:

CODEN: JOVIAM; ISSN: 0022-538X American Society for Microbiology

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

A number of full-length cDNA clones of Kunjin virus (KUN) were previously prepared; it was shown that two of them, pAKUN and FLSDX, differed in specific infectivities of corresponding in vitro transcribed RNAs by .apprx.100,000-fold. In this study, we analyzed a possible genetic determinant(s) of the observed differences in infectivity initially by sequencing the entire cDNAs of both clones and comparing them with the published sequence of the parental KUN strain MRM61C. We found six common amino acid residues in both cDNA clones that were different from those in the published MRM61C sequence but were similar to those in the published sequences of other flaviviruses from the same subgroup. PAKUN clone had four addnl. codon changes, i.e., Ile59 to Asn and Arg175 to Lys in NS2A and Tyr518 to His and Ser557 to Pro in NS3. Three of these substitutions except the previously shown marker mutation, Arg175 to Lys in NS2A, reverted to the wild-type sequence in the virus eventually recovered from pAKUN RNA-transfected BHK cells, demonstrating the functional importance of these residues in viral replication and/or viral assembly. Exchange of corresponding DNA fragments between pAKUN and FLSDX clones and site-directed mutagenesis revealed that the Tyr518-to-His mutation in NS3 was responsible for an .apprx.5-fold decrease in specific infectivity of transcribed RNA, while the Ile59-to-Asn mutation in NS2A completely blocked virus production Correction of the Asn59 in pAKUN NS2A to the wild-type Ile residue resulted in complete restoration of RNA infectivity. Replication of KUN replicon RNA with an Ile59-to-Asn substitution in NS2A and with a Ser557-to-Pro substitution in NS3 was not affected, while the Tyr518-to-His substitution in NS3 led to severe inhibition of RNA replication. The impaired function of the mutated NS2A in production of infectious virus was complemented in trans by the helper wild-type NS2A produced from the KUN replicon RNA. However, replicon RNA with mutated NS2A could not be packaged in trans by the KUN structural proteins. The data demonstrated essential roles for the KUN nonstructural protein NS2A in virus assembly and for NS3 in RNA replication and identified specific single-amino-acid residues involved in these functions.

REFERENCE COUNT: 30 THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 13 OF 26 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation on 1.19 STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:281626 BIOSIS DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200300281626

TITLE: Limited evolution of West Nile virus has occurred during

its southwesterly spread in the United States.

AUTHOR (S): Beasley, David W. C.; Davis, C. Todd; Guzman, Hilda; Vanlandingham, Dana L.; Da Rosa, Amelia P. A. Travassos; Parsons, Ray E.; Higgs, Stephen; Tesh, Robert B.; Barrett,

Alan D. T. [Reprint Author]

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Pathology, Medical Branch, University of

Texas, 301 University Blvd., Galveston, TX, 77555-0609, USA

abarrett@utmb.edu

SOURCE: Virology, (May 10 2003) Vol. 309, No. 2, pp. 190-195.

ISSN: 0042-6822 (ISSN print).

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article LANGUAGE: English

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DDBJ-AY185906; EMBL-AY185906; GenBank-AY185906;
OTHER SOURCE:
                    DDBJ-AY185907; EMBL-AY185907; GenBank-AY185907;
                    DDBJ-AY185908; EMBL-AY185908; GenBank-AY185908;
                    DDBJ-AY185909; EMBL-AY185909; GenBank-AY185909;
                    DDBJ-AY185910; EMBL-AY185910; GenBank-AY185910;
                    DDBJ-AY185911; EMBL-AY185911; GenBank-AY185911;
                    DDBJ-AY185912; EMBL-AY185912; GenBank-AY185912;
                    DDBJ-AY185913; EMBL-AY185913; GenBank-AY185913;
                    DDBJ-AY185914; EMBL-AY185914; GenBank-AY185914;
                    DDBJ-AY187012; EMBL-AY187012; GenBank-AY187012;
                    DDBJ-AY187013; EMBL-AY187013; GenBank-AY187013;
                    DDBJ-AY187014; EMBL-AY187014; GenBank-AY187014;
                    DDBJ-AY187015; EMBL-AY187015; GenBank-AY187015
                    Entered STN: 19 Jun 2003
ENTRY DATE:
                    Last Updated on STN: 1 Aug 2003
     Analysis of partial nucleotide sequences of nine West Nile virus strains
AB
     isolated in southeast Texas during June-August 2002 revealed a maximum of
     0.35% nucleotide variation from a New York 1999 strain. Two sequence
     subtypes were identified that differed from each other by approximately
     0.5%, suggesting multiple introductions of virus to this area. Analysis
     of sequences from cloned PCR products for one strain revealed up to 0.6%
     divergence from the consensus sequence at the subpopulation level. The
     presence of unique patterns of small numbers of mutations in North
     American West Nile strains studied to date may suggest the absence of a
     strong selective pressure to drive the emergence of dominant variants.
L19 ANSWER 14 OF 26 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
                         2002:906571 CAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         138:2186
TITLE:
                         Mutant dengue viruses with altered temperature
                         sensitivity or host range and their use in the
                         development of attenuated virus for vaccines
INVENTOR(S):
                         Whitehead, Stephen S.; Murphy, Brian R.; Hanley,
                         Kathryn A.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         The Government of the United States of America, as
                         Represented by the Secretary, Department of Health and Human Services, USA; Blaney, Joseph, E., Jr.
                         PCT Int. Appl., 246 pp.
SOURCE:
                         CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                 DATE
                                             APPLICATION NO.
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                                 ------
                                             -----
                                          WO 2002-US16308 20020522
            WO 2002095075
                         A1
                                20021128
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
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20021128

20040330

20040331

CA 2002-2448329

EP 2002-739358

BR 2002-9943

20020522

20020522

20020522

AA

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A1

CA 2448329

EP 1402075

BR 2002009943

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IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
    US 2005010043
                         A1 20050113
                                           US 2003-719547
                                           US 2001-293049P P 20010522
WO 2002-US16308 W 20020522
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
    Mutations that affect the temperature-sensitivity, host cell range and
AB
    pathogenicity of dengue viruses that can be applied to all 4 serotypes of
    the virus are described for use in the development of efficiently
    propagating virus suitable for vaccine use. A menu of mutations was
    developed that is useful in fine-tuning the attenuation and growth
    characteristics of dengue virus vaccines. The development of various
    mutations giving rise to these attenuated phenotypes is described. Most
    attenuating mutations occurred in the genes for non-structural proteins.
    Mutations that allowed the virus to propagate in Vero cells were also
     found. Human volunteers tolerated a vaccine strain well with clin.
     significant side effects mild or absent. Neutralizing antibody titers in
     the range 1:426 - 1:662 were seen 28 days post-inoculation.
REFERENCE COUNT:
                        2
                              THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
                              RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
L19 ANSWER 15 OF 26 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                        2002:793843 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        137:304733
TITLE:
                        Use of products of genes of the 2'-5' oligoadenylate
                        synthetase family (OAS) for screening antiviral agents
                        and for detecting responsiveness to
                        flaviviridae infection
                        Guenet, Jean-Louis; Mashimo, Tomoji; Simon-Chazottes,
INVENTOR(S):
                        Dominique; Montagutelli, Xavier; Frenkiel,
                        Marie-Pascale; Despres, Philippe; Deubel, Vincent;
                        Bonhomme, Francois; Lucas, Marianne
                        Institut Pasteur, Fr.; Centre National de la Recherche
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                        Scientifique CNRS
SOURCE:
                        PCT Int. Appl., 93 pp.
                        CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
LANGUAGE:
                        French
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                       KIND DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO.
    WO 2002081741 A2 20021017
                                           -----
                              20021017 WO 2002-FR1169
                                                                 20020404
        W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
             CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
             GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
             LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,
             PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,
            UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
        RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
             KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB,
             GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA,
             GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     FR 2823224
                         A1
                               20021011
                                           FR 2001-4598
                                                                  20010404
     FR 2823224
                         B1
                               20031031
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                           FR 2001-4598
                                                               A 20010404
    The invention concerns the use of products of genes of the 2'-5'
    oligoadenylate synthetase family (OAS) for screening antiviral agents and
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R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,

for detecting responsiveness to infection by Flavivirida.

L19 ANSWER 16 OF 26 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:716040 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

137:246521

TITLE:

Immunogenicity of West Nile virus polyprotein

precursor

INVENTOR(S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Fikrig, Erol; Koski, Raymond A.; Wang, Tian Yale University, USA; L2 Diagnostics, LLC

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 82 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

P.P.	TENT :	NO.			KIN	D	DATE			APPL	ICAT	ION I	NO.		D	ATE	
						-									-		
WC	2002	0720	36		A2		2002	0919		WO 2	002-1	US90:	36		2	0020	311
WC	2002	0720	36		A3		2003	0522									
	W:	AE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
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EF	1372						2004									0020	
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		ΙE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY,	AL,	TR						
บร	2004	1977	69		A1		2004	1007		US 2	003-	6995	50		2	0031	031
PRIORIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	. :						US 2	001-	2750	25P	]	P 2	0010	312
										US 2	001-	2819	47P	]	P 2	00104	405
										WO 2	002-1	US90:	36	7	W 2	0020	311
										US 2	002-	4028	60P	]	P 2	0020	808
										US 2	002-	4227	55P	J	P 2	0021	031
										US 2						0030	506
7.D (11)					a 2												

AB This application is directed to compns. and methods comprising isolated and purified West Nile virus polypeptides and immunogenic fragments. Such polypeptides and fragments, fusion proteins comprising them and antibodies are useful as vaccines to treat, inhibit or prevent West Nile virus infection or disease, to detect West Nile virus infection and to monitor the course of disease or immunization.

L19 ANSWER 17 OF 26 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:275723 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

136:308522

TITLE:

Flaviviruse and Pestiviruse-derive capsid

proteins for inducing apoptosis, diagnosing and treating cancer, and identifying antiviral agent

INVENTOR(S):

Weiner, David B.; Yang, Joo-Sung

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

The Trustees of the University of Pennsylvania, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 102 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3

# PATENT INFORMATION:

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PATENT NO.
                        KIND
                              DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO.
                                                                DATE
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    WO 2002028165
                        A2
                              20020411
                                          WO 2001-US31355
                                                                20011004
                              20020808
    WO 2002028165
                        A3
        W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
            CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
            GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
            LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PH, PL,
            PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG,
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            BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                              20020411 CA 2001-2424216
    CA 2424216
                        AA
                                                                 20011004
    AU 2002011490
                        A5
                               20020415
                                         AU 2002-11490
                                                                 20011004
                               20020905 US 2001-971806
    US 2002123099
                        A1
                                                                 20011004
    US 6733994
                        B2
                               20040511
    US 2002164349
                        A1
                               20021107
                                          US 2001-971980
                                                                 20011004
    EP 1322338
                                        EP 2001-979543
                        A2
                              20030702
                                                                 20011004
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
            IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
    JP 2004510714
                        T2
                              20040408
                                         JP 2002-531803
                                                                 20011004
    CN 1549730
                              20041124
                                          CN 2001-819929
                        Α
                                                                 20011004
    US 2005226849
                                          US 2004-966576
                        A1
                               20051013
                                                                 20041014
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                          US 2000-237885P
                                                             P 20001004
                                          US 2001-971980
                                                             B1 20011004
                                          WO 2001-US31355
                                                              W 20011004
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This invention provides methods of inducing cell death with Flavivirus or Pestivirus capsid protein, such as West Nile virus (WNV) capsid protein, and functional fragments thereof. The invention also provides methods of treating patients suffering from diseases characterized by hyperproliferating cells (i.e. cancer) by administering pharmaceutical compns. WNV or encoding the same. Methods of identifying compds. which have anti-viral and/or anti-WNV and/or anti-Flavivirus and/or anti-Pestivirus capsid or other protein activity are disclosed. The invention also provides vaccine compns. comprising capsid or other proteins, or fragments thereof, or nucleic acids encoding same, from WNV or other virus including Flavivirus or Pestivirus and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier. The invention also provides diagnostic methods and kits for identifying individuals exposed to WNV or other viruses including Flavivirus or Pestivirus.

L19 ANSWER 18 OF 26 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:13132 BIOSIS DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200300013132

TITLE: Replication and gene function in Kunjin virus.

AUTHOR(S): Westaway, E. G. [Reprint Author]; MacKenzie, J. M. [Reprint

Author]; Khromykh, A. A. [Reprint Author]

CORPORATE SOURCE: Clinical Medical Virology Centre, Sir Albert Sakzewski

Virus Research Centre, University of Queensland, Royal Children's Hospital, Herston Road, Herston, QLD, 4029,

Australia

SOURCE: Mackenzie, J. S. [Editor, Reprint Author]; Barrett, A. D.

T. [Editor]; Deubel, V. [Editor]. (2002) pp. 323-351. Japanese encephalitis and West Nile viruses. print.

Publisher: Springer-Verlag New York Inc., 175 Fifth Avenue, New York, NY, 10010-7858, USA; Springer-Verlag GmbH & Co.

KG, Heidelberger Platz 3, D-14197, Berlin, Germany. Series:

Current Topics in Microbiology and Immunology.

ISSN: 0070-217X (ISSN print). ISBN: 3-540-42783-X (cloth).

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Book; (Book Chapter)

LANGUAGE:

English

OTHER SOURCE:

DDBJ-AF196835; EMBL-AF196835; GenBank-AF196835;

DDBJ-D00246; EMBL-D00246; GenBank-D00246; DDBJ-L24511; EMBL-L24511; GenBank-L24511; DDBJ-L24512; EMBL-L24512; GenBank-L24512; DDBJ-M12294; EMBL-M12294; GenBank-M12294

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 25 Dec 2002

Last Updated on STN: 11 Feb 2003

L19 ANSWER 19 OF 26 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:403282 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

137:198092

TITLE:

Mouse neuroinvasive phenotype of West Nile virus

strains varies depending upon virus genotype

AUTHOR (S):

Beasley, David W. C.; Li, Li; Suderman, Miguel T.;

Barrett, Alan D. T.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Dep. Pathol., Univ. Texas Med. Branch, Galveston, TX,

77555-0609, USA

SOURCE:

Virology (2002), 296(1), 17-23 CODEN: VIRLAX; ISSN: 0042-6822

PUBLISHER:

Elsevier Science

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal English

LANGUAGE:

Despite recent advances in the genetics of West Nile (WN) virus, relatively little is known about the mol. basis of virulence of this virus. In particular, although the genotype of the WN virus strain that was recently introduced into North America has been determined, there have been few exptl. studies on the virulence phenotype of the virus. We compared genetic and neurovirulence properties of 19 strains of WN virus, including 2 from North America, and observed significant differences in their neuroinvasive phenotype in mice and hamsters that correlated with virus qenotype. Virus isolated in North America was found to be highly neuroinvasive with a lack of age-related resistance to infection in mice normally associated with mosquito-borne flaviviruses.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 43 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS 43 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 20 OF 26 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:858290 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

136:147696

TITLE:

A phylogenetic approach to following West Nile virus

in Connecticut

AUTHOR (S):

Anderson, John F.; Vossbrinck, Charles R.; Andreadis,

Theodore G.; Iton, Anthony; Beckwith, William H., III;

Mayo, Donald R.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Entomology, Connecticut Agricultural

Experiment Station, New Haven, CT, 06504, USA

SOURCE:

Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America (2001), 98(23), 12885-12889

CODEN: PNASA6; ISSN: 0027-8424

PUBLISHER:

National Academy of Sciences

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE: English

The 1999 outbreak of West Nile (WN) virus in the northeastern United States was the 1st known natural occurrence of this flavivirus

in the Western Hemisphere. In 1999 and 2000, 82 independent Connecticut

WN virus isolates were cultured from 9 spp. of birds, 5 spp. of

mosquitoes, and 1 striped skunk. Nucleotide sequences obtained from these isolates identified 30 genetic changes, compared with WN-NY99, in a 921-nt region of the viral genome beginning at nucleotide position 205 and ending at 1125. This region encodes portions of the nucleocapsid and envelope proteins and includes the entire coding regions for the premembrane and membrane proteins. Amino acid changes occurred at 7 loci in 6 isolates relative to the WN-NY99 strain. Although 34 of the isolates showed sequences identical to the WN-NY99 isolate, we were able to show geog.-based clusters of mutations. In particular, 26 isolates were characterized by mutation of C to T at position 858. This group apparently originated in Stamford, CT and disseminated to sites located as far as 54 mi from Stamford. Sequences of WN virus isolated from both brain and heart tissues from the same avian host were identical in all 14 tested individual birds, suggesting that the mutations we have documented are real and not caused by culture, RNA extraction, or PCR procedures. We conclude that this portion of the viral genome will enable us to follow the geog. and temporal movement of variant WN virus strains as they adapt to North America.

REFERENCE COUNT: 23 THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 21 OF 26 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:689862 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:321866

TITLE: The relationships between West Nile and Kunjin viruses

AUTHOR(S): Scherret, Jacqueline H.; Poidinger, Michael;

Mackenzie, John S.; Broom, Annette K.; Deubel,

Vincent; Lipkin, W. Ian; Briese, Thomas; Gould, Ernest

A.; Hall, Roy A.

CORPORATE SOURCE: University of Queensland, Brisbane, 4072, Australia

SOURCE: Emerging Infectious Diseases (2001), 7(4), 697-705

CODEN: EIDIFA; ISSN: 1080-6040

PUBLISHER: National Center for Infectious Diseases, Centers for

Disease Control and Prevention

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

Until recently, West Nile (WN) and Kunjin (KUN) viruses were classified as distinct types in the Flavivirus genus. However, genetic and antigenic studies on isolates of these two viruses indicate that the relationship between them is more complex. To better define this relationship, we performed sequence analyses on 32 isolates of KUN virus and 28 isolates of WN virus from different geog. areas, including a WN isolate from the recent outbreak in New York. Sequence comparisons showed that the KUN virus isolates from Australia were tightly grouped but that the WN virus isolates exhibited substantial divergence and could be differentiated into four distinct groups. KUN virus isolates from Australia were antigenically homologous and distinct from the WN isolates and a Malaysian KUN virus. Our results suggest that KUN and WN viruses comprise a group of closely related viruses that can be differentiated into subgroups on the basis of genetic and antigenic analyses.

REFERENCE COUNT: 47 THERE ARE 47 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 22 OF 26 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:222461 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:327901

TITLE: An Infectious Clone of the West Nile

Flavivirus

AUTHOR(S): Yamshchikov, Vladimir F.; Wengler, Gerd; Perelygin, Andrey A.; Brinton, Margo A.; Compans, Richard W.

Page 27

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Internal Medicine, University of

Virginia, Charlottesville, VA, 22908, USA

Virology (2001), 281(2), 294-304 SOURCE:

CODEN: VIRLAX; ISSN: 0042-6822

Academic Press PUBLISHER:

Journal DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: English

West Nile (WN) virus is the most widespread among flaviviruses, but until recently it was not known on the American continent. We describe here the design of a subgenomic replicon, as well as a

full-length infectious clone of the lineage II WN strain, which appeared

surprisingly stable compared to other flavivirus infectious

clones. This infectious clone was used to investigate effects of 5'- and 3'-nonrelated sequences on virus replication and infectivity of synthetic While a long nonrelated sequence at the 3'-end delayed but did not prevent establishment of the productive infectious cycle, a much shorter extra sequence at the 5'-end completely abrogated virus replication. Replacement of the conserved 5'-adenosine residue substantially delayed, but did not prevent, establishment of virus infection. In all cases, the recovered virus had restored its authentic 5'- and 3'-end genome

sequences. However, the presence of extensive nonrelated sequences at

both 5'- and 3'-ends could not be repaired. (c) 2001 Academic Press. ENCE COUNT: 50 THERE ARE 50 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS REFERENCE COUNT: RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 23 OF 26 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation on DUPLICATE 1

2000:199111 BIOSIS ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200000199111

Origin of the West Nile virus responsible for an outbreak TITLE:

of encephalitis in the northeastern United States.

Lanciotti, R. S. [Reprint author]; Roehrig, J. T.; Deubel, AUTHOR (S):

V.; Smith, J.; Parker, M.; Steele, K.; Crise, B.; Volpe, K.
E.; Crabtree, M. B.; Scherret, J. H.; Hall, R. A.;

MacKenzie, J. S.; Cropp, C. B.; Panigrahy, B.; Ostlund, E.; Schmitt, B.; Malkinson, M.; Banet, C.; Weissman, J.; Komar, N.; Savage, H. M.; Stone, W.; McNamara, T.; Gubler, D. J. Division of Vector-Borne Infectious Diseases, Centers for

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Infectious Diseases, Fort Collins, CO, 80522, USA

Science (Washington D C), (Dec. 17, 1999) Vol. 286, No. SOURCE:

5448, pp. 2333-2337. print. CODEN: SCIEAS. ISSN: 0036-8075.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: Genbank-M10103; Genbank-M12294

Entered STN: 17 May 2000 ENTRY DATE:

Last Updated on STN: 4 Jan 2002

In late summer 1999, an outbreak of human encephalitis occurred in the northeastern United States that was concurrent with extensive mortality in crows (Corvus species) as well as the deaths of several exotic birds at a zoological park in the same area. Complete genome sequencing of a flavivirus isolated from the brain of a dead Chilean flamingo (Phoenicopterus chilensis), together with partial sequence analysis of envelope glycoprotein (E-glycoprotein) genes amplified from several other species including mosquitoes and two fatal human cases, revealed that West Nile (WN) virus circulated in natural transmission cycles and was responsible for the human disease. Antigenic mapping with E-glycoprotein-specific monoclonal antibodies and E-glycoprotein phylogenetic analysis confirmed these viruses as WN. This North American

WN virus was most closely related to a WN virus isolated from a dead goose in Israel in 1998.

L19 ANSWER 24 OF 26 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:250215 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:309122

TITLE: Molecular characterization of the Japanese

encephalitis serocomplex of the flavivirus

genus

AUTHOR(S): Poidinger, Michael; Hall, Roy A.; Mackenzie, John S.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Microbiol., Univ. Queensland, Brisbane, 4072,

Australia

SOURCE: Virology (1996), 218(2), 417-21

CODEN: VIRLAX; ISSN: 0042-6822

PUBLISHER: Academic DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

The Japanese encephalitis (JE) serocomplex of flaviviruses comprises 10 members, 9 of which: Alfuy (ALF); Koutango (KOU); Kokobera (KOK); Kunjin (KUN); Murray Valley encephalitis (MVE); JE; Stratford (STR); Usutu (USU); and West Nile (WN) have been isolated from Africa, southern Europe, Middle East, Asia, and Australia. The tenth member, St. Louis encephalitis (SLE) virus, is confined to North, Central, and South America. For ALF, KOK, KOU, STR, and USU, no sequence data have as yet been reported, and little mol. phylogeny has been determined for this complex as a whole. Using a rapid, one-step RT-PCR and universal primers, we have amplified and sequenced a 450-600 base pair region of the virus genome encompassing the N terminus of the nonstructural protein NS5 and the 5' end of the 3' noncoding region, for several strains of all of these viruses, except USU and SLE viruses. These data, as well as published sequence data for other flaviviruses, were analyzed with the ClustalW and Phylip computer packages. The resultant phylogenetic data were consistent with some of the current flavivirus serol. classification, showing a close relationship between ALF and MVE viruses and between KOK and STR viruses, but suggested that KOK and STR are distantly related to the other viruses and should perhaps be reclassified in their own serocomplex. The data also confirmed the close relationship between KUN and WN viruses and showed that an isolate of KUN virus from Sarawak may represent a "link" between these two virus species. In addition, the primary sequence data revealed a polymorphic region just downstream of the stop codon in the 3' end of the viral genomes.

L19 ANSWER 25 OF 26 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:76915 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:195375

TITLE: Evolutionary relationship of hepatitis C, pesti-,

flavi-, plantviruses, and newly discovered GB

hepatitis agents

AUTHOR(S): Ohba, Ken-ichi; Mizokami, Masashi; Lau, Johnson Y. N.;

Orito, Etsuro; Ikeo, Kazuho; Gojobori, Takashi

CORPORATE SOURCE: Second Department of Medicine, Nagoya City University

Medical School, Kawasumi, Mizuho, Nagoya, 467, Japan

SOURCE: FEBS Letters (1996), 378(3), 232-4

CODEN: FEBLAL; ISSN: 0014-5793

PUBLISHER: Elsevier
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English

AB Two **flavivirus**-like viruses, GB virus-A (GBV-A) and GB virus-B (GBV-B), were recently identified in the GB hepatitis agent, and are distinct from the hepatitis A to E viruses. The putative helicase domain

of GBV-A and GBV-B was found to have amino acid sequence homol. with hepatitis C virus (HCV), and distantly, is also related to pestiviruses, flaviviruses, and plant viruses. A phylogenetic tree construction showed that GBVs and HCV are closely related, and they are clustered with pestiviruses, flaviviruses and plant viruses in that order.

L19 ANSWER 26 OF 26 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation on

STN DUPLICATE 2

1994:323292 BIOSIS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:323292 BIOS DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199497336292

TITLE: Completion of Kunjin virus RNA sequence and recovery of an

infectious RNA transcribed from stably cloned full-length

cDNA.

AUTHOR(S): Khromykh, Alexander A.; Westaway, Edwin G. [Reprint author]

CORPORATE SOURCE: Sir Albert Sakzewski Virus Res. Centre, Royal Childrens

Hospital, Brisbane 4029, Australia

SOURCE: Journal of Virology, (1994) Vol. 68, No. 7, pp. 4580-4588.

CODEN: JOVIAM. ISSN: 0022-538X.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: Genbank-L24511; Genbank-L24512

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 26 Jul 1994

Last Updated on STN: 1 Sep 1994

AB Completion of the Kunjin virus (KUN) RNA sequence showed that it is the longest flavivirus sequence reported (11,022 bases), commencing with a 5' noncoding region of 96 bases. The 3' noncoding sequence of 624 nucleotides included a unique insertion sequence of 46 bases adjacent to the stop codon, but otherwise it had properties similar to those of RNAs of closely related flaviviruses. A full-length KUN cDNA clone which could be stably propagated in Escherichia coli DH5-alpha was constructed; SP6 polymerase RNA transcripts from amplified cDNA were infectious when transfected into BHK-21 cells. A mutational change abolishing the BamHI restriction site at position 4049, leading to a conservative amino acid change of Arg-175 to Lys in the NS2A protein, was introduced into the cDNA during construction and was retained in the recovered virus. Extra terminal nucleotides introduced during cloning of . the cDNA were shown to be present in the in vitro RNA transcripts but absent in the RNA of recovered virus. Although recovered virus differed from the parental KUN by a smaller plaque phenotype and delayed growth rate in BHK-21 cells and mice, it was very similar as assessed by several other criteria, such as peak titer during growth in cells, infectivity titer in cells and in mice, rate of adsorption and penetration in cells, replication at 39 degree C, and neurovirulence after intraperitoneal injection in mice. The KUN stably cloned cDNA will provide a useful basis for future studies in defining and characterizing functional roles of all the gene products.

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L45 ANSWER 1 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:474816 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                      143:39100
TITLE:
                     Conformationally-sensitive nucleic
                      acid-based labeled probes and assays for
                      target detection
INVENTOR(S):
                      Chun, Keun Ho; Hwang, Hyun Jin
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                      Ahram Biosystems Inc., USA
SOURCE:
                       U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 145 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.
                       Ser. No. 684,230, abandoned.
                       CODEN: USXXCO
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                       Patent
LANGUAGE:
                       English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
PATENT INFORMATION:
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    PATENT NO.
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                       A1
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US 2005118603 20050602 US 2003-684346 20031010 US 2002-417864P P 20021011 US 2003-684230 B2 20031010 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: ΔR Disclosed is a system for detecting at least one target agent in a sample, using oligonucleotide probes that change conformation upon

binding of the target. The system generally includes at least one probe adapted to relate presence of the target agent to a detectable change in probe conformation. Preferred probes include a conformationally responsive signal transducer that reports association of the target agent and

the probe by detectably shifting from one hybridization state to another. The hybridization may be competitive or non-competitive. The invention has a wide spectrum of important applications including use in the rapid detection of target agents in biol., industrial, and environmental samples.

L45 ANSWER 2 OF 2 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:244473 BIOSIS PREV200200244473 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Microchip and capillary electrophoresis for quantitative TITLE:

analysis of hepatitis C virus based on RT-competitive PCR.

Young, Kung-Chia; Lien, Hsiang-Mei; Lin, Chun-Che; Chang, Ting-Tsung; Lee, Gwo-Bin; Chen, Shu-Hui [Reprint author] AUTHOR (S):

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, National Cheng Kung University,

Tainan, Taiwan

shchen@mail.ncku.edu.tw

SOURCE: Talanta, (11 February, 2002) Vol. 56, No. 2, pp. 323-330.

print.

CODEN: TLNTA2. ISSN: 0039-9140.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 17 Apr 2002

Last Updated on STN: 17 Apr 2002

AB A method to quantitatively perform reverse transcription-competitive PCR (RT-cPCR) of hepatitis C virus followed by both microchip and capillary electrophoretic separation and detection was described. In this method, HCV wild-type (WT) RNA extracted from serum was coretrotranscribed and coamplified with a constant amount of recombinant internal standard (IS) RNA which had the same primer binding region as the target RNA and was constructed by removing a centrally located 25-bp segment from the target template. A linear calibration curve was constructed by adding IS RNA at a constant concentration of 8000 copies mul-1 into a series of RNA target standards ranging from 400 to 106 copies mul-1. The amplified IS and target DNA were detected by both capillary and microchip electrophoresis via laser-induced fluorescence (LIF) using Cy5-labelled primer as the fluorescence probe. The method was further demonstrated for the quantitation of clinical patients with low, medium, and high viral titer and the results were found to be comparable to those determined by the commercial bDNA assay.

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49 L46

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L48 1 L46 AND ?DEOXYADENOSINE?

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L48 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:905931 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:389790

TITLE: Molecular detection of Japanese encephalitis virus and

other flaviviruses

INVENTOR(S): Young, Karen K. Y.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Roche Diagnostics G.m.b.H., Germany; F.Hoffmann-La

Roche A.-G.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 143 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

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WO 2004092412	A2 20041028	WO 2004-EP3356	20040330
WO 2004092412	A3 20050303		
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		US 2004-555530P	P 20040322
		WO 2004-EP3356	A 20040330
AD The current invent	ian muarrida makhar	le for detection of T	

AB The current invention provide methods for detection of Japanese encephalitis virus and other flaviviruses. The primers and probes are used for amplification or hybridization to the 3'-untranslated region of viral genomes. Oligonucleotide primers, probes and kits for diagnosis of

#### Page 34

flaviviruses, including Japanese encephalitis virus serogroup, Dengue virus, St. Louis encephalitis virus, Montana myotis leukoencephalitis virus, Modoc virus, and Yellow Fever virus are provided.

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# Page 35

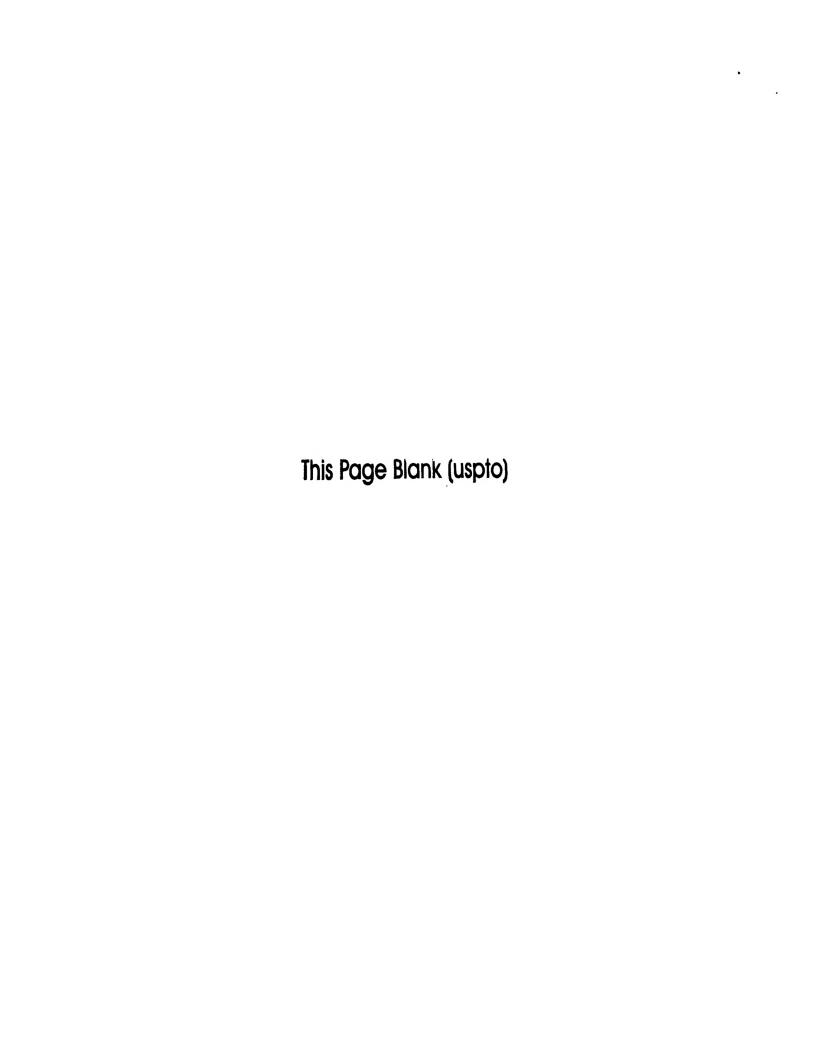
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CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	-0.75	-18.75

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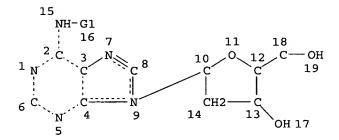


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STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

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L7 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:905931 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:389790

TITLE: Molecular detection of Japanese encephalitis virus and

other flaviviruses Young, Karen K. Y.

INVENTOR(S): Young, Karen K. Y.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Roche Diagnostics G.m.b.H., Germany; F.Hoffmann-La

Roche A.-G.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 143 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

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WO 2004092412	A3 20050303				
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                                            US 2003-459491P
                                                                 Р
                                                                    20030331
                                             US 2004-552454P
                                                                 Р
                                                                    20040312
                                            US 2004-555530P
                                                                 Р
                                                                    20040322
                                             WO 2004-EP3356
                                                                 Α
                                                                    20040330
```

AB The current invention provide methods for detection of Japanese encephalitis virus and other flaviviruses. The primers and probes are used for amplification or hybridization to the 3'-untranslated region of viral genomes. Oligonucleotide primers, probes and kits for diagnosis of flaviviruses, including Japanese encephalitis virus serogroup, Dengue virus, St. Louis encephalitis virus, Montana myotis leukoencephalitis virus, Modoc virus, and Yellow Fever virus are provided.

IT 2002-35-9D, N6-Methyl-deoxyadenosine, primer modified with
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); DGN
(Diagnostic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES
(Uses)

(mol. detection of Japanese encephalitis virus and other flaviviruses) 2002-35-9 CAPLUS

RN 2002-35-9 CAPLUS CN Adenosine, 2'-deoxy-N-methyl- (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

IT 140975-69-5, GENBANK D00246 140977-34-0, GENBANK M12294 170817-58-0, GENBANK L48977 171214-39-4, GENBANK L49311 196570-23-7, GENBANK AF017254 251244-39-0, GENBANK af208017 251892-99-6, GENBANK AF196835 287908-43-4, GENBANK AF260967 287908-44-5, GENBANK AF260968 311758-30-2, GENBANK AF297849 311758-35-7, GENBANK AF297854 311758-37-9, GENBANK AF297856 313330-37-9, GENBANK AF196537 313330-38-0, GENBANK AF196538 360543-79-9, GENBANK AF196535 360543-84-6, GENBANK AF196543 436731-13-4, GENBANK AF458344 436731-18-9, GENBANK AF458349 436731-20-3, GENBANK AF458351 436731-22-5, GENBANK AF458353 436731-24-7, GENBANK AF458355 436731-26-9, GENBANK AF458357 436731-27-0, GENBANK AF458358 442499-50-5, GENBANK AF404757 512617-90-2, GENBANK AY277252 512617-92-4, GENBANK

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AY278442 524173-93-1, GENBANK AY187013 543478-64-4,
     GENBANK AY274504 612792-54-8, GENBANK AY268132
     632616-56-9, GENBANK AY490240
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL
     (Biological study)
        (mol. detection of Japanese encephalitis virus and other flaviviruses)
RN
     140975-69-5 CAPLUS
CN
     RNA (Kunjin virus strain MRM61C clone pKV479) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN
     140977-34-0 CAPLUS
CN
     RNA (West Nile virus clone 33/G8) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN
     170817-58-0 CAPLUS
CN
     RNA (West Nile virus gene NS5 plus 3'-flank) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
     171214-39-4 CAPLUS
RN
CN
     GenBank L49311 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN
     196570-23-7 CAPLUS
CN
     RNA (West Nile virus strain Eg101 protein NS5 (nonstructural, 5) gene
     fragment plus 3'-flank) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN
     251244-39-0 CAPLUS
CN
     GenBank AF208017 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN
     251892-99-6 CAPLUS
CN
     RNA (West Nile virus strain NY99-flamingo382-99 complete genome) (9CI)
     (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN
     287908-43-4 CAPLUS
CN
     RNA (West Nile virus strain NY99-eqhs polyprotein precursor) (9CI) (CA
     INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN
     287908-44-5 CAPLUS
     GenBank AF260968 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
     311758-30-2 CAPLUS
RN
     DNA (Kunjin virus strain K5374 protein NS5 (nonstructural, 5) gene
     3'-fragment plus 3'-flank) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN
     311758-35-7 CAPLUS
     DNA (Kunjin virus strain WK436 protein NS5 (nonstructural, 5) gene
CN
     3'-fragment plus 3'-flank) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN
     311758-37-9 CAPLUS
CN
     DNA (Kunjin virus strain P1553 protein NS5 (nonstructural, 5) gene
     3'-fragment plus 3'-flank) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
```

- RN 313330-37-9 CAPLUS
- CN DNA (West Nile virus strain G2266 protein NS5 (nonstructural, 5) gene 3'-fragment plus 3'-flank) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
- \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*
- RN 313330-38-0 CAPLUS
- CN DNA (West Nile virus strain G22886 protein NS5 (nonstructural, 5) gene 3'-fragment plus 3'-flank) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
- \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*
- RN 360543-79-9 CAPLUS
- CN DNA (West Nile virus strain ArNa1047 polyprotein gene 3'-fragment plus 3'-flank) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
- \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*
- RN 360543-84-6 CAPLUS
- CN DNA (West Nile virus strain MgAn798 protein NS5 (nonstructural, 5) gene 3'-fragment plus 3'-flank) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
- \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*
- RN 436731-13-4 CAPLUS
- CN RNA (West Nile virus strain 68856 nonstructural protein 5 gene fragment plus 3'-flank) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
- \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*
- RN 436731-18-9 CAPLUS
- CN RNA (West Nile virus strain ArB3575/82 nonstructural protein 5 gene fragment plus 3'-flank) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
- \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*
- RN 436731-20-3 CAPLUS
- CN RNA (Kunjin virus strain MRM16 nonstructural protein 5 gene fragment plus 3'-flank) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
- \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*
- RN 436731-22-5 CAPLUS
- CN RNA (West Nile virus strain G-15578 nonstructural protein 5 gene fragment plus 3'-flank) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
- \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*
- RN 436731-24-7 CAPLUS
- CN RNA (West Nile virus strain Egypt101 nonstructural protein 5 gene fragment plus 3'-flank) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
- \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*
- RN 436731-26-9 CAPLUS
- CN RNA (West Nile virus strain SPU-116/89 nonstructural protein 5 gene fragment plus 3'-flank) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
- \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*
- RN 436731-27-0 CAPLUS
- CN RNA (West Nile virus strain AnMg798 nonstructural protein 5 gene fragment plus 3'-flank) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
- \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*
- RN 442499-50-5 CAPLUS
- CN RNA (West Nile virus isolate WN Italy 1998-equine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
- \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*
- RN 512617-90-2 CAPLUS

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CN
    GenBank AY277252 (9CI)
                             (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
ŔŊ
    512617-92-4 CAPLUS
    GenBank AY278442 (9CI)
                             (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
    524173-93-1 CAPLUS
RN
    GenBank AY187013 (9CI)
                             (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN
    543478-64-4 CAPLUS
    RNA (Kunjin virus clone FLSDX) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN
     612792-54-8 CAPLUS
    RNA (West Nile virus strain PaAn001 polyprotein gene pol plus flanks)
CN
     (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
     632616-56-9 CAPLUS
RN
    GenBank AY490240 (9CI)
                             (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
IT
    784377-68-0
    RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); DGN
     (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (oligonucleotide probe; mol. detection of Japanese encephalitis virus
        and other flaviviruses)
    784377-68-0 CAPLUS
RN
    DNA, d(G-T-A-A-G-C-C-T-C-A-G-A-A-C-C-G-T-C-T-C-G-G-A-A) (9CI) (CA INDEX
CN
    NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
    785828-72-0, N6-tert-Butyl-benzyl-deoxyadenosine
IT
    RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); DGN
     (Diagnostic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES
        (primers containing; mol. detection of Japanese encephalitis virus and
        other flaviviruses)
    785828-72-0 CAPLUS
RN
    Adenosine, 2'-deoxy-N-[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl]methyl]- (9CI)
CN
     INDEX NAME)
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D1-Bu-t

IT 784378-18-3

RL: PRP (Properties)

(unclaimed nucleotide sequence; mol. detection of Japanese encephalitis virus and other flaviviruses)

RN 784378-18-3 CAPLUS

CN DNA, d(T-C-T-C-C-T-A-G-T-C-T-A-T-C-C-C-A-G-G-T-G-T-C-A-A) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

IT 784378-29-6 784378-30-9 784378-31-0

784378-32-1 784378-33-2 784378-34-3

784378-35-4 784378-36-5 784378-40-1

784378-41-2 784378-42-3 784378-44-5

784378-47-8 784378-48-9 784378-49-0

786374-46-7 786374-47-8 786374-49-0

786374-50-3 786374-52-5 786374-63-8 786374-65-0 786374-82-1 786374-83-2

786374-86-5 786374-87-6 786375-07-3

786375-08-4 786375-09-5 786375-11-9

786375-12-0 786375-14-2 786375-15-3

RL: PRP (Properties)

(unclaimed sequence; mol. detection of Japanese encephalitis virus and other flaviviruses)

RN 784378-29-6 CAPLUS

CN 75: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 1/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

RN 784378-30-9 CAPLUS

CN 76: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 1/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

RN 784378-31-0 CAPLUS

CN 79: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 1/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

RN 784378-32-1 CAPLUS

CN 83: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 1/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

- RN 784378-33-2 CAPLUS 89: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 1/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\* RN 784378-34-3 CAPLUS 91: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 1/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\* 784378-35-4 CAPLUS RN 92: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 1/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\* 784378-36-5 CAPLUS RN 96: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 1/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\* 784378-40-1 CAPLUS RN 111: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 2/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\* 784378-41-2 CAPLUS RN 113: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 2/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\* 784378-42-3 CAPLUS RN 115: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 2/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\* RN 784378-44-5 CAPLUS 120: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 2/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\* 784378-47-8 CAPLUS RN 131: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 2/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\* 784378-48-9 CAPLUS RN 134: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 2/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\* 784378-49-0 CAPLUS RN 143: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 2/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\* 786374-46-7 CAPLUS RN 150: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 3/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\* 786374-47-8 CAPLUS RN 152: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 3/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\* 786374-49-0 CAPLUS RN 156: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 3/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\* RN 786374-50-3 CAPLUS 159: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 3/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN
- \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

### Page 9

- 786374-52-5 CAPLUS RN 162: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 3/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\* 786374-63-8 CAPLUS RN194: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 4/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\* 786374-65-0 CAPLUS 210: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 4/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\* 786374-82-1 CAPLUS RN 236: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 6/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\* RN786374-83-2 CAPLUS 237: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 6/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\* 786374-86-5 CAPLUS 252: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 6/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\* RN 786374-87-6 CAPLUS 256: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 6/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) CN(CA INDEX NAME) \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\* RN786375-07-3 CAPLUS CN 311: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 9/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\* 786375-08-4 CAPLUS 312: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 9/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\* 786375-09-5 CAPLUS RN314: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 9/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\* RN786375-11-9 CAPLUS CN 320: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 9/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\* RN786375-12-0 CAPLUS CN328: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 9/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\* RN 786375-14-2 CAPLUS
- 330: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 9/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME)
- \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*
- RN786375-15-3 CAPLUS
- 335: PN: WO2004092412 PAGE: 9/26 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN
- \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*
- => dis his nofile

# (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 14:51:32 ON 26 APR 2006)

FILE 'REGIS	STRY' ENTEREI	O AT 14:	53:41 ON 26 APR 2006
196	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	GUAAGCCCUCAGAACCGUCUCGG   CCGAGACGGUUCUGAGGGC
	UUAC/SQSN		·
122	SEA ABB=ON	PLU=ON	UCUCCUAGUCUAUCCCAGGUGUCAA UUGACACCUGGGAUAGA
	CUAGGAGA/SQS	SN	
121			GGACUAGAGGUUAGAGGAGACCCCGCGG CCGCGGGGUCUCCU
	CUAACCUCUAGU	JCC/SQSN	
	STR		
11	SEA SSS SAM	L4	
177	SEA SSS FUL	L4	
	D L6 QUE STA	TA	
	196 122 121	196 SEA ABB=ON UUAC/SQSN 122 SEA ABB=ON CUAGGAGA/SQS 121 SEA ABB=ON CUAACCUCUAGU STR 11 SEA SSS SAM 177 SEA SSS FUL	196 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON UUAC/SQSN 122 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON CUAGGAGA/SQSN 121 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON CUAACCUCUAGUCC/SQSN

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